



(5 Marks)

Q.No.II: Answer any two.

(a) Distinguish between Common Intention and Common object.  
(10 Marks)

(b) Common intention under section 34 of IPC, does not mean  
Similar or same Intention of several persons.  
(10 Marks)

© X and Y agree to murder Z by jointly and individually giving him  
dozen of poison. Z dies of the poison fed by X any Y ?

Q.No.III Define and explain any five

- (1) Good Faith (4 Marks)
- (2) Public Servant (4 Marks)
- (3) Unlawful assembly (4Marks)
- (4) Mc Nanghten's rule in section 84 of IPC, distinguishes between  
Legal insanity and medical insanity- discuss.  
(4 Marks)
- (5) A Government officer removes a file to his office, makes it  
Available to an outsider and then returns it after two days. Has  
He committed theft?  
(4 Marks)
- (6) Doctrine of transferred malice (4Marks)

Q.No.IV Answer any two

A. In the scheme of the IPC, Culpable homicide (section 299) is  
Genus and murder is specie. All murder is culpable homicide but  
vice versa. Discuss.

(10 Marks)

- B. Accused administered to her husband and deadly poison Believing it to be a love potion in order to win his affections for her, and the husband died. Is the wife liable under section 299, 300 or 304 'A' of the IPC?

(10 Marks)

- C. Accused offered a child to a crocodile under a superstitions but Bonafide belief that the child will be returned unharmed, and it was killed. Discuss the offence of the father.

(10 Marks)

- D. A snake charmer, showing his skill placed a cobra on the head Of a spectator, without the intention to cause harm and the spectator dies of the bite while pushing off the snake. Is the snake charmer guilty under section 299 or 300 IPC?

(10 Marks)

PART-B ( Criminal Procedure Code)

- Q.No.V I) What are the types of searches as provided under the Cr.P.C? P.C.?  
(5 Marks)

- ii) What Provisions apply to the search Warrants?  
(5 Marks)

- iii) What is required to be done in case a search is ordered by a Court to be made out side his territorial jurisdiction?  
(5 Marks)

- IV) What Precautions are essential in conducting search of the Person, property and premises occupied by a woman?  
(5Marks)

- Q.No.VI a) Describe the nature of information upon which a Magistrate May act to prevent breach of peace and disturbance of public Tranquility?

(10 Marks)

- b) What are the powers of the Executive Magistrate in dealing with A depute concerning immovable property when the dispute is likely to case breach of peace?

(10 Marks)

Q.No.VII

- a) What is compoundable offence? What is the legal effect of Valid composition? State difference between composition and Withdrawal?

(10 Marks)

- b) Write down a conditional order for removal of a building which Is likely to fall and thereby cause injury to persons living or doing business in the neighborhood?

(10 Marks)

### PART-C

#### The Indian Evidence Act, 1872

Q.No.VIII.

Define and explain:-

- (i) 'Document' (4 Marks)  
(II) 'Proved' (4 Marks)  
(III) 'Admission' (4 Marks)  
(IV) 'Fact- in -issue.' (4 Marks)  
(V) 'Estoppel.' (4 Marks)

Q.No.IX

- (a) How far is character relevant in Civil and Criminal Proceedings?

(10 Marks)

- (b) When is confession irrelevant in Criminal proceedings?

(10 Marks)

Q.No.X (a) Distinguish between public documents and private documents?  
(10 Marks)

(b) Comments on admissibility of evidence in:-

- (i) The evidence collected during a defective investigation.  
(2 Marks)
- (ii) Leading questions (3 Marks)
- (iii) Under what circumstances opinion of experts is relevant under the Indian Evidence Act. (3 Marks)
- (iv) Testimony of hostile witness. (2 Marks)